Roll No.

Total Pages: 03

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OPTICAL COMMUNICATION ECE-405-E

Time: Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Attempt Five questions in all, selecting at least one question from each Unit.

Unit

What do you mean is acceptance angle and numerical aperture of an optical fiber, show how is it related to refractive index of core and cladding of fiber? Differentiate between the numerical aperture of meridional and skew rays. An optical fiber in air has NA 0.4; compare the acceptance angle for skew rays which changes direction by 100° at each reflection.

- 2. (a) What is the structure of Optical fiber? Differentiate between step index and Graded index fiber. How the rays do propagates in graded index fiber? 10
 - (b) What do you mean by Fiber Splices? List different methods of splicing. Explain electric arc fusion splicing in detail.
 10

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Unit II

- 3. (a) Mention the reasons responsible for absorption in optical fibers. A continuous 12 km long optical fiber link has a loss of 1.5 dB/km. What is the minimum optical power level that must be launched into the fiber to maintain an optical power level of 0.3 μm at the receiving end?
 - (b) Define Scattering. Discuss in detail the linear scattering losses in optical fibers. 10
- 4. Explain the different dispersion mechanisms in optical fibers along with the reasons responsible for them. Derive an expression for pulse spreadening due to material dispersion. How does dispersion effect the data rate that can be transmitted through fiber. A multimode graded index fiber exhibits total pulse broadening of 0.1 µs over a distance of 15 km. Estimate: (i) The maximum possible bandwidth without ISI. (ii) Pulse dispersion per unit length.

Unit III

20

(a) What is the Population Inversion? Explain the different methods of achieving population inversion in LASER.

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- (b) Explain the working principle of LED. How the quantum efficiency of a LED is defined? Derive expression for quantum efficiency of LED. 10
- What do you understand by Optical Detector? Explain
 the construction and working of PIN photodetector. Also
 define absorption coefficient, responsivity and quantum
 efficiency of photodetector.

Unit IV

7.	(a)	Explain the working of 2×2 star coupler.	1
	(b)	What is WDM & Define.	10
8.	Write short notes on the following:		
	(a)	Single hop and multihip networks	10
	(b)	Photonic networks.	10